road were engaged in teaching, research, design and management.

(c) A number of measures have been taken from time to time in the past to attract to Indian scientists and technologists settled abroad to come back to the country. Some of these are:

— Programmes have been launched through which core groups of scientists are created in the country with all necessary modern facilities required for pursuing research in new an^ frpn-tier areas of science.

There is a provision for temporary placement of scientists and teehnolgists under the scheme of Scientists Pool.

A provision has also been made for creation of supernumerary posts.

Facilities to import equipments have been provided to the scientists and technologists returning from abroad.

With a view to assisting non-resident Indians to secure expeditious clearance of their applications for setting up of industrial units in the country, a Special Cell has been created in the Ministry of Industry.

Delegations of enhanced administrative and financial powers have teen made to scientific institutions to improve working conditions of scientists.

New scientific departments/organisations such as Departments of Biotechnology, Ocean Development, Environment, Non-conventional Energy Sources, Centre for Development of Telematics (C-DOT) etc. have been set up and some of these are in high technology areas, which are likely to provide opportunities for scientists and technologists and attract them into the country.

Total outlay for science and technology has been increased in the successive Five Year Plans.

Military barracks in Allahabad

1050. SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA: Will the Minister of DEFENCE be pleased to state,-

(a) whether Government have recently received any complaints regarding dilapidated condition of the military barracks in Allahabad and if so, what action Government propose to take in this regard; and

(b) whether Government also propose to increase the number of barracks and if so, what are the details therof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF DEFENCE (SHRI SANTOSH MOHAN DEV): (a) No complaints have been received by Government from any quarter regarding dilapidated condition of the military barracks in Allahabad. However, 22 old barracks are under special repairs during normal maintenance and periodical services. These buildings are being repaired in a phased manner.

(b) There is n0 plan to construct any more barracks in Allahabad at present.

उत्तर प्रदेश में गरीबी दूर करने की योजना

1051. श्री सत्य प्रकाश मालवीय : क्या योजना मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार के चालू पंचवर्षीय योजना के अंतगत उत्तर प्रदेश में गरीबी दूर करने लिए कोई योजना बनाई है ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो उक्त योजना के अधीन उत्तर प्रदेश के किस किस जिले को शामिल किए जाने की संभावना है और इस योजना के कब तक क्रियान्वित हो जाने की संभावना है ; और

(ग) 1988-89 के वर्ष के दौरान उक्त उल्लिखित योजना पर कितनी राशि व्यय किए जाने का विचार है ?

योजना मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री बीरेन सिंह इंगती) : (क) से (ग) विशेषकर उत्तर प्रदेश में गरीबी उन्मूलन संबंधी कोई नई योजना सातवीं पंचवर्षीय योजना के अंतर्गत तैयार नहीं की गई है । तथापि, चालू राष्ट्रीय गरीबी उन्मूलन कार्यक्रम अर्थात् एकीकृत ग्रामीण विकास कार्यक्रम, राष्ट्रीय ग्रामीण रोजगार कार्यक्रम तथा ग्रामीण भूमिहीन रोजगार गारंटी कार्यक्रम उत्तर प्रदेश के सभी जिलों में कार्यान्वित किए जा रहे है । 1988-89 के लिए उत्तर प्रदेश में इन कार्यक्रमों के लिए अनन्तिम रूप से कुल लगभग 415.35 करोड़ रुपये का आवंटन किया गया है ।

Rural courts

1052. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 1934 given in Rajya Sabha on the 26th November, 1987 and state;

(a) whether the comments oi all the States regarding 'Rural Courts' have since been received;

(b) if so, what action is being taken to establish these 'Gram Nayayala-yas';

(c) if not, which States have not yet sent their comments; and

(d) which Sates have agreed to the recommendations in the 114th report of Law Commission on 'Gram Nyayalayas' and which have not?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN I THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRiI HANS RAJ BHARD-WAJ): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Government are considering to set up Gram Nyayalayas on the basis of views already received.

(c) The States/UTs of Bihar, Gujarat, Haryana. Himachal Pradesh, Jammu & Kashmir, Kerala, Maharashtra, Manipur, Orissa, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh and Dadra & Na^ar Haveli have not sent their views.

(d) States/UTs of Madhya Pradesh, Sikkim, Nagaland, Andhra Pradesh, j West Bengal, Assam, Punjab. Delhi, Pondicherry and Andaman & N,ic°bar I Islands are in favour of setting up of Gram Nyayalayas as recommended by the Commission. Karnataka Govt, are not in favour of setting up of such courts. Goa and Lakshadweep do not feel the necessity for setting up Gram Nyayalaya because °f tneir small size. Mizoram and Meghalaya also do not require these courts as traditional forums on similar lines, already exist there.

Financial allocation to Madhya Pradesh for implementation of 20-Point Programme

1053. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI: Will the Minister of PLANNING be pleased to state:

(a) what is the total financial al location made to Madhya Pradesh during last three years f0r the im plementation of Twenty Point Pro gramme;

(b) what amount was actually utilised for the said purpose;

(c) whether any independent mo nitoring of these programmes has been done by the Union Government at their level during this period; and